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19 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
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21 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
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23 **SAN JOSE DIVISION**

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IN RE APPLE & AT&TM ANTI-TRUST  
LITIGATION

Case No. 07-05152-JW

**DEFENDANT AT&T MOBILITY LLC'S  
MOTION TO STAY DISCOVERY  
PENDING RESOLUTION OF ITS  
SOON-TO-BE FILED MOTION TO  
COMPEL ARBITRATION**

Date: September 8, 2008  
Time: 9:00 a.m.

Honorable James Ware

**NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION**

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on September 8, 2008, at 9:00 a.m., pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 6(b) and 26(c) and Local Civil Rule 6-3, Defendant AT&T Mobility LLC (“ATTM”) will move and hereby does move this Court for an order staying ATTM’s obligations to provide discovery pending resolution of ATTM’s soon-to-be-filed motion to compel arbitration pursuant to the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. §§ 1–16. In support of this motion, ATTM concurrently files the attached Declaration of Daniel A. Sasse and a proposed order, and states as follows:

1. On May 5, 2008, plaintiffs Herbert H. Kliegerman, Paul Holman, Lucy Rivello, Timothy P. Smith, Michael G. Lee, Dennis V. Macasaddu, Mark G. Morikawa, Vincent Scotti, and Scott Sesso filed their consolidated amended putative class-action complaint against ATTM and Apple, Inc. (“Apple”), alleging that the manner in which the defendants advertised, sold, serviced, and provided wireless and data services via the iPhone violated the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2, the Magnusson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301–12, and the consumer protection laws of 42 states and the District of Columbia. Consol. Am. Compl. (Dkt. No. 102) ¶ 1.

2. The Court has not ordered either a Rule 26 Scheduling Conference or Case Management Conference for the plaintiffs’ Amended Complaint. Declaration of Daniel Sasse ¶ 2. Accordingly, there are no current disclosure or discovery deadlines.

3. On May 28, 2008, the parties met and conferred regarding plaintiffs’ desire to set a schedule for discovery on the merits. Sasse Decl. ¶ 3. The parties could not agree on whether the Court should continue to stay discovery or schedule a case management conference. *Id.*

4. That same day, counsel for plaintiffs filed a letter requesting that the Court set a schedule for discovery. Docket No. 101; *see also* Sasse Decl. ¶ 4.

5. ATTM now files this motion to request that the Court reject plaintiffs’ request to schedule a case management conference and instead issue an order stating that discovery may not take place until the resolution of ATTM’s planned motion to compel arbitration.

6. That motion is scheduled to be filed soon: ATTM currently plans to respond to

1 the complaint on or before June 27, 2008, by moving to compel arbitration. As we will explain  
 2 in that motion, when plaintiffs activated their iPhones for use with ATTM's wireless service,  
 3 they agreed to resolve their disputes with ATTM by individual arbitration or in small claims  
 4 court. ATTM's arbitration provision provides unprecedented incentives for consumers and their  
 5 attorneys (if any) to pursue their disputes on an individual basis in arbitration. *See* Exhibit 1, at  
 6 12–15 (arbitration provision contained in ATTM's terms of service).

7 7. Consistent with the purposes of the Federal Arbitration Act ("FAA"), the Court  
 8 should stay ATTM's obligations to participate in discovery pending resolution of ATTM's mo-  
 9 tion to compel arbitration. Courts routinely stay pre-trial obligations, including merits discovery,  
 10 when a motion to compel arbitration is pending before the court. Indeed, Judge Armstrong of  
 11 this Court recently granted ATTM a stay of its pre-trial obligations, including discovery, pending  
 12 resolution of ATTM's motion to compel arbitration under precisely the same circumstances as  
 13 are involved here. *See Stiener v. Apple Computer, Inc.*, No. C 07-4486 SBA (Nov. 29, 2007)  
 14 (attached as Exhibit 2). *See also, e.g., Trujillo v. Apple Computer*, No. 1:07-cv-04946 (N.D. Ill.  
 15 Oct. 20, 2007) (attached as Exhibit 3) (similarly staying all of ATTM's pre-trial obligations,  
 16 including discovery, pending resolution of ATTM's anticipated motion to compel arbitration);  
 17 *Coneff v. AT&T Corp.*, 2007 WL 738612, at \*2 (W.D. Wash. Mar. 9, 2007) (issuing protective  
 18 order barring merits discovery pending resolution of motion to compel arbitration); *Cunningham*  
 19 *v. Van Ru Credit Corp.*, 2006 WL 2056576, at \*2 (E.D. Mich. July 21, 2006) (staying merits  
 20 discovery pending resolution of motion to compel arbitration); *Ross v. Bank of Am.*, 2006 WL  
 21 36909, at \*1 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 6, 2006) (same); *Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Inc. v.*  
 22 *Coors*, 357 F. Supp. 2d 1277, 1281 (D. Colo. 2004) (issuing stay of "all discovery and pretrial  
 23 scheduling" pending resolution of motion to compel arbitration); *Intertec Contracting v. Turner*  
 24 *Steiner Int'l, S.A.*, 2001 WL 812224, at \*7 (S.D.N.Y. July 18, 2001) ("As is the general practice  
 25 of district courts, a stay of discovery was imposed in this case while the motion to compel arbi-  
 26 tration was pending before the Court.").

27 8. As the Ninth Circuit has pointed out, "[t]he FAA provides for discovery \* \* \* in  
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1 connection with a motion to compel arbitration only if ‘the making of the arbitration agreement  
 2 or the failure, neglect, or refusal to perform the same be in issue.’” *Simula, Inc. v. Autoliv, Inc.*,  
 3 175 F.3d 716, 726 (9th Cir. 1999); *accord, e.g., Levin v. Ripple Twist Mills, Inc.*, 416 F. Supp.  
 4 876, 880 (E.D. Pa. 1976) (“In a proceeding to compel arbitration, no discovery into the underly-  
 5 ing grievance is ordinarily permitted.”). Permitting “discovery on the merits” before “the issue  
 6 of [the] arbitrability [of the dispute] is resolved *puts the cart before the horse*” because, “[i]f a  
 7 dispute is arbitrable, responsibility for the conduct of discovery lies with the arbitrators.”  
 8 *CIGNA HealthCare of St. Louis, Inc. v. Kaiser*, 294 F.3d 849, 855 (7th Cir. 2002) (emphasis  
 9 added). Accordingly, “the parties should not be required to endure the expense of discovery  
 10 that ultimately would not be allowed in arbitration.” *Mundi v. Union Sec. Life Ins. Co.*, 2007  
 11 WL 2385069, at \*6 (E.D. Cal. Aug. 17, 2007) (internal quotation marks omitted).

12 9. Furthermore, as Judge Chesney of this Court has recognized, if ATTM is re-  
 13 quired to proceed with pre-trial obligations, including discovery, while the enforceability of  
 14 its arbitration provision is still being litigated, “‘the advantages of arbitration—speed and  
 15 economy—are lost forever,’ a loss the Ninth Circuit describes as ‘serious, perhaps, irreparable.’”  
 16 *Winig v. Cingular Wireless*, 2006 WL 3201047, at \*2 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 6, 2006) (quoting *Alas-*  
 17 *com, Inc. v. ITT N. Elec. Co.*, 727 F.2d 1419, 1422 (9th Cir. 1984)). Such an approach would  
 18 subject ATTM “to the very complexities, inconveniences, and expenses of litigation that [the  
 19 parties] determined to avoid [by agreeing to arbitrate].” *Suarez-Valdez v. Shearson Leh-*  
 20 *man/Am. Express, Inc.*, 858 F.2d 648, 649–50 (11th Cir. 1988) (Tjoflat, J., concurring).

21 10. Moreover, there is no reason to think that plaintiffs would be unduly prejudiced  
 22 by the requested stay. This case is unlike *Jones v. Deutsche Bank, AG*, 2007 WL 951811 (N.D.  
 23 Cal. Mar. 28, 2007), in which Magistrate Judge Seeborg declined to enter a stay because Deut-  
 24 sche Bank had moved to compel arbitration “comparatively late in [the] litigation process, and  
 25 long after the parties (and the Court) ha[d] expended considerable resources in discovery and  
 26 other proceedings.” *Id.* at \*1. By contrast, when, as here, a party “claim[s] a right to arbitrate”  
 27 at the outset of a litigation, it can “persuasively argue that it should not be exposed to the risk  
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1 that it will have unnecessarily *begun* discovery should arbitration subsequently be compelled.”  
2 *Id.* (emphasis in original).

3 11. In sum, granting ATTM’s request to continue to stay discovery in this case will  
4 promote judicial economy and avoid the potentially irreparable harm ATTM would suffer if it  
5 were required to provide discovery before resolution of ATTM’s motion to compel arbitration.

6 Accordingly, ATTM respectfully moves this Court to stay ATTM’s obligations to par-  
7 ticipate in discovery until ATTM’s motion to compel arbitration—which ATTM currently plans  
8 to file on or before June 27, 2008—is resolved.

9  
10 DATED: May 30, 2008

11 /s/ Donald M. Falk

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